IN THE CLAIMS:

Claims 2-20, and 22-30 have been amended herein. All of the pending claims 1 through 32 are presented below. This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings in the application. Please enter these claims as amended.

1. (Original) A method of forming a barrier layer on a surface of a semiconductor device structure, comprising:

providing a semiconductor substrate;

forming a dielectric layer over the semiconductor substrate, the dielectric layer having at least one trench;

selectively depositing a metallization layer in the at least one trench; and forming a barrier layer overlying the metallization layer and the dielectric layer, the barrier layer comprising at least one conductive portion and at least one nonconductive portion.

- 2. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein forming-a the dielectric layer over the semiconductor substrate comprises forming the dielectric layer from an oxide compound, an aerogel, or a polymer.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 2, wherein forming-a the dielectric layer over the semiconductor substrate comprises forming the dielectric layer from a polymer selected from the group consisting of a foamed polymer, a fluorinated polymer, and a fluorinated-foamed polymer.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 2, wherein forming-a the dielectric layer over the semiconductor substrate comprises forming the dielectric layer from polyimide.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 2, wherein forming-a the dielectric layer over the semiconductor substrate comprises forming the dielectric layer from silicon oxide.

- 6. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein selectively depositing a the metallization layer in the at least one trench comprises selectively depositing copper or a copper alloy.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein forming-a the barrier layer overlying the metallization layer and the dielectric layer comprises depositing a metal layer over the metallization layer and the dielectric layer.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 7, wherein depositing a metal layer over the metallization layer and the dielectric layer comprises depositing a metal selected from the group consisting of titanium, zirconium, and hafnium.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 7, wherein depositing-a the metal layer over the metallization layer and the dielectric layer comprises depositing the metal layer by low energy implantation or chemical vapor deposition.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 7, wherein depositing-a the metal layer over the metallization layer and the dielectric layer comprises selecting an implant energy so that the metal <u>layer</u> penetrates a surface of the metallization layer and the dielectric layer.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 10, wherein selecting—an the implant energy so that the metal <u>layer</u> penetrates—a the surface of the metallization layer and the dielectric layer comprises selecting the implant energy to be from about 0.1 keV to about 2.0 keV.
- 12. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 7, wherein depositing <u>a the</u> metal layer over the metallization layer and the dielectric layer comprises selecting the <u>an</u> implant energy so that the metal <u>layer</u> penetrates a depth of about 5Å to about 50Å into the metallization layer and the dielectric layer.

- 13. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 7, wherein forming-a the barrier layer overlying the metallization layer and the dielectric layer comprises reacting at least a portion of the metal layer with nitrogen to form the barrier layer.
- 14. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 7, wherein forming-a the barrier layer overlying the metallization layer and the dielectric layer comprises exposing the metal layer to a nitrogen atmosphere.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 14, wherein exposing the metal layer to-a the nitrogen atmosphere comprises exposing the metal layer to the nitrogen atmosphere for an amount of time sufficient to incorporate nitrogen into at least a portion of the metal layer.
- 16. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 14, wherein exposing the metal layer to-a the nitrogen atmosphere comprises exposing the metal layer to nitrogen, nitric oxide, nitrous oxide, or ammonia.
- 17. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 14, wherein exposing the metal layer to-a the nitrogen atmosphere comprises exposing the metal layer to a nitrogen plasma or a rapid thermal nitrogen treatment.
- 18. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein forming-a the barrier layer overlying the metallization layer and the dielectric layer comprises forming the at least one conductive portion over the metallization layer and the at least one nonconductive portion over the dielectric layer.
- 19. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 18, wherein forming the at least one conductive portion over the metallization layer comprises reacting nitrogen with-the metal_a first portion of the barrier layer to form at least one metal nitride portion.

- 20. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 18, wherein forming the at least one nonconductive portion over the dielectric layer comprises reacting the metal a second portion of the barrier layer with the dielectric layer to form at least one metal oxide, metal oxynitride, metal carbide, or metal carbonitride portion.
- 21. (Original) A method of forming a barrier layer on a surface of a semiconductor device structure, comprising:

providing a semiconductor substrate;

forming a dielectric layer over the semiconductor substrate, the dielectric layer having at least one trench;

selectively depositing a metallization layer in the at least one trench;

depositing a metal layer overlying the metallization layer and the dielectric layer;

exposing the metal layer to a nitrogen atmosphere; and

forming a barrier layer overlying the metallization layer and the dielectric layer, the barrier layer comprising at least one conductive portion and at least one nonconductive portion.

- 22. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 21, wherein depositing-a the metal layer overlying the metallization layer and the dielectric layer comprises depositing a metal selected from the group consisting of titanium, zirconium, or hafnium.
- 23. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 21, wherein depositing-a the metal layer overlying the metallization layer and the dielectric layer comprises depositing the metal layer by low energy implantation or chemical vapor deposition.
- 24. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 21, wherein depositing-a the metal layer overlying the metallization layer and the dielectric layer comprises selecting an implant energy so that the metal <u>layer</u> penetrates a surface of the metallization layer and the dielectric layer.

- 25. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 24, wherein selecting-an the implant energy so that the metal layer penetrates-a the surface of the metallization layer and the dielectric layer comprises selecting the implant energy to be from about 0.1 keV to about 2.0 keV.
- 26. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 21, wherein depositing a the metal layer overlying the metallization layer and the dielectric layer comprises selecting the an implant energy so that the metal layer penetrates a depth of about 5Å to about 50Å into the metallization layer and the dielectric layer.
- 27. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 21, wherein exposing the metal layer to a the nitrogen atmosphere comprises exposing the metal layer to the nitrogen atmosphere for an amount of time sufficient to incorporate nitrogen into at least a portion of the metal layer.
- 28. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 21, wherein exposing the metal layer to-a the nitrogen atmosphere comprises exposing the metal layer to nitrogen, nitric oxide, nitrous oxide, or ammonia.
- 29. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 21, wherein exposing the metal layer to-a the nitrogen atmosphere comprises exposing the metal layer to a nitrogen plasma or a rapid thermal nitrogen treatment.
- 30. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 21, wherein forming a the barrier layer overlying the metallization layer and the dielectric layer comprises forming the at least one conductive portion over the metallization layer and the at least one nonconductive portion over the dielectric layer.

- 31. (Original) The method of claim 30, wherein forming the at least one conductive portion over the metallization layer comprises reacting nitrogen with the metal layer to form at least one metal nitride portion.
- 32. (Original) The method of claim 30, wherein forming the nonconductive portion over the dielectric layer comprises reacting the metal layer with the dielectric layer to form at least one metal oxide, metal oxynitride, metal carbide, or metal carbonitride portion.